



Imagine you're a tiny creature with a big, scary name like 'earwig'! These little fellows, often no more than an inch long, have a dark brown or black body that is long and slender. They have six legs and a pair of forceps-like pincers on their abdomen, which they use for defense and hunting. Despite their scary name, earwigs are quite harmless and their pincers aren't strong enough to harm a human.



Keeping their pincers busy, earwigs have a varied diet. They munch on a wide range of stuff, from plant debris and ripe fruits to other insects and their eggs. Because of their eating habits, they can be both helpful and harmful to gardeners. They aid in breaking down organic matter, but can also damage crops and ornamental plants.

From munching on plants and insects, let's jump to where these creatures call home. Earwigs are found almost everywhere around the world, but they prefer damp, cool places. They often hide in small, tight crevices during the day and come out at night to feed. You might find them under pots, in mulch, or amidst leaf piles in your garden.



Now that we've visited their home, let's take a peek into their life cycle. Earwigs undergo incomplete metamorphosis, which means they pass through three stages: egg, nymph, and adult. Interestingly, they are one of the few non-social insect species that show maternal care. Mama earwigs guard their eggs and young until they are ready to fend for themselves, which is quite unique in the insect world!



Solve each problem.

Use the article to answer the question.

- 1) What color might the body of an earwig be?
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B. red
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A. Adaptable metamorphosis
B. Flexible metamorphosis
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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

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- 12) "My mom doesn't only lay the eggs, she guards them and takes care of us until we can protect ourselves."
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- 29) "I am most active at night-time, crawling out of my hiding place to look for food."
- 30) "The interesting fact is, we earwigs are found almost everywhere on the planet."
- 31) "I start off as an egg, then turn into a nymph and finally into an adult like you see now."

Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 32) Earwigs can be found mostly in damp and cool places.
- 33) Earwigs are extremely scary because of their pincers.
- 34) Earwigs eat different things including plant debris, ripe fruits and other insects.
- 35) The long, slender bodies of earwigs are cool because they set them apart from other insects.
- 36) Earwigs are small, usually not more than an inch long.
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- 40) It's impressive to see such small creatures like earwigs showing maternal care.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.

- 42) Earwigs care for their young until they can fend for themselves.



- 43) Earwigs are usually found in dry places, like deserts.
- 44) Earwigs prefer damp and cool places to hide during the day.
- 45) Earwigs are usually between 5 and 6 inches long.
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- 47) Earwigs can harm humans with their pincers.
- 48) Earwigs go through five stages in their life cycle: egg, nymph, cocoon, adult, and old age.
- 49) Earwigs only eat other insects.
- 50) Earwigs use their pincers for defense and hunting.
- 51) Earwigs can be helpful to gardeners.

Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.

- 52) Earwigs won't hurt your garden.
 - A. will
 - B. will not
 - C. would not
 - D. do not
- 53) Earwigs don't bite humans.
 - A. do not
 - B. won't
 - C. can't
 - D. aren't
- 54) They're called earwigs, but they won't crawl into your ears.
 - A. were not
 - B. do not
 - C. cannot
 - D. will not
- 55) Some earwigs have wings, but they usually don't use them.
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- 56) Earwigs can't hurt humans, so there's no need to be afraid of them.
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Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- 57) Earwigs don't actually crawl into people's ears, it's a common misconception!
- 58) Carefully observe the earwig's pincers when you see one.
- 59) Why are they called earwigs?
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- 67) It's amazing how earwigs help to keep our gardens healthy by eating other insects and plants!
- 68) Share some fun facts about earwigs with your friends.

Determine which choice is the conclusion that can be drawn from the statement.

- 69) Despite their name, earwigs do not crawl into people's ears. Based on this statement, what conclusion can be drawn about earwigs?
- A. All earwigs live in human ears. B. The name 'earwig' is misleading.
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|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| 1. <u> A </u> | 26. <u> false </u> | 51. <u> true </u> |
| 2. <u> D </u> | 27. <u> false </u> | 52. <u> B </u> |
| 3. <u> D </u> | 28. <u> true </u> | 53. <u> A </u> |
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| 7. <u> C </u> | 32. <u> fact </u> | 57. <u> exclamatory </u> |
| 8. <u> A </u> | 33. <u> opinion </u> | 58. <u> imperative </u> |
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