Imagine a snake with a body so brightly colored, it looks like it's wearing a party costume! This is the Eastern Coral Snake, a small, thin snake with a head that barely stands out from its body. Its skin is covered with a pattern of red, yellow, and black bands that make it one of the most recognizable snakes in the world. But don't let its festive look fool you, this snake has a serious side too.

Speaking of serious, when it comes to mealtime, the Eastern Coral Snake is all business. Its favorite foods are small lizards and other snakes, which it catches using its short, fixed front fangs. The Eastern Coral Snake is a connoisseur of the 'grab-and-hold' style of dining, which means it holds onto its food while injecting it with venom. Even though this might sound scary, it is just part of how the Eastern Coral Snake survives in the wild.



This wild habitat of theirs is mostly in the southeastern United States. They like to live in forested or marshy areas where they can hide under leaf litter or in burrows. Eastern Coral Snakes are oviparous, which means they lay eggs, with the babies, called hatchlings, born fully formed. These hatchlings grow into adults who shed their skin several times a year, a process known as molting.



Now, you might be thinking, 'Do Eastern Coral Snakes and humans get along?' Well, they are shy and prefer to avoid humans, but if they feel threatened, they can bite to defend themselves. Their venom is very potent, but bites are rare because these snakes would rather hide or run away. In nature, every creature has its place, and for the Eastern Coral Snake, that place is being a quiet, colorful part of the world's amazing biodiversity.



Eastern Coral Snake

Solve each problem.

	the article to answer the question. What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several tim	00.0	voor?
1)	A. Change their color		Grow new fangs
	C. Hibernate		Shed their skin
	e. moemae	D.	Shed then skin
2)	Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found?		
	A. In the mountains of Asia.		In the rainforests of South America.
	C. In the deserts of Africa.	D.	In the southeastern United States.
3)	Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snake	es li	ke to hide?
,	A. In water or in swampy areas	B.	Under leaf litter or in burrows
	C. Under rocks or in caves	D.	In tree branches or in bird nests
•		66	
4)	How does a bite from an eastern coral snake a		ct numans? Coral snakes do not bite.
	A. It is painless.		
	C. It causes temporary dizziness.	D.	It is very dangerous.
5)	What is the name for the process in which Ea	ster	n Coral Snakes remove old skin?
	A. Molting	В.	Shedding
	C. Peeling	D.	Exfoliating
6)	What is another term for the babies of Eastern	n Co	oral Snakes?
0)	A. Pups.		Larvae.
	C. Fry.		Hatchlings.
7)	What color on the bands on the shirt of the E	~~*~	
7)	What color are the bands on the skin of the E A. Red, yellow, and black		Blue, green, and yellow
	C. Red, white, and blue		Orange, black, and white
	e. Red, white, and blue	D.	Grange, black, and white
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	C. Small lizards and other snakes.	D.	Nuts and seeds.
10)		. 1	0
10)	How does the Eastern Coral Snake catch its f		
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	Eastern Cor	al Snake	Name:
12)	Are eastern coral snakes aggressive towards	humans?	
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Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- 14) "Did you know we use our fangs to grab and hold our food while injecting it with venom?"
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) Eastern Coral Snakes shed their skin several times a year.
- **28)** It's interesting to watch an Eastern Coral Snake shed its skin.
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Eastern Coral Snake

- **35**) It's impressive how the Eastern Coral Snake can hold its food and inject venom at the same time.
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		Eastern Coral Si	nake	Name:
1.	26.		51	
2.	27.		52.	
3.	28.			
4.	29.			
5.	30.			
6.	31.			
7.	32.			
8.	33.			
9.	34.			
10.	35.			
11.	36.			
12.	37.			
13.	38.			
14.	39.			
15.	40.			
16.	41.			
17.	42.			
18.	43.			
19.	44.			
20.	45.			
21.	46.			
22.	47.			
23.	48.			
24.	49.			
25.	50.			
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Name: Answer Key

Solve each problem.

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		I	Eastern Coral S	nake		Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	false	51.	interrogative	_	
2.	D	27.	fact	52.	interrogative		
3.	В	28.	opinion				
4.	D	29.	fact				
5.	A	30.	opinion				
6.	D	31.	fact				
7.	A	32.	opinion				
8.	С	33.	fact				
9.	С	34.	fact				
10.	D	35.	opinion				
11.	B	36.	opinion				
12.	C	37.	true				
13.	D	38.	false				
14.	true	<u> </u>	true				
15.	false	40.	false				
16.	false	41.	true				
17.	false	42.	false				
18.	true	43.	false				
19.	true	44.	false				
20.	false	45.	true				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	false	47.	declarative				
23.	true	48.	interrogative				
24.	false	49.	declarative				
25.	true	50.	declarative				
		www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page 4	1 of 4		

Eastern Coral Snake

Solve each problem.

 A. B. Grow new fangs C. D. Shed their skin 2) Where can Eastern Coral Snakes be found? (paragraph 3) A. B. In the rainforests of South America. C. D. In the southeastern United States. 3) Where in their habitat do Eastern Coral Snakes like to hide? (paragraph 3) A. B. Under leaf litter or in burrows C. D. 4) How does a bite from an eastern coral snake affect humans? (paragraph 4) A. It is painless. B. C. D. It is very dangerous. 5) What is the name for the process in which Eastern Coral Snakes remove old skin? (paragraph 4) A. Molting B. Shedding C. D. 6) What is another term for the babies of Eastern Coral Snakes? (paragraph 3) A. Pups. B. C. D. Hatchlings. 7) What color are the bands on the skin of the Eastern Coral Snake? (paragraph 1) A. Red, yellow, and black B. Blue, green, and yellow C. Grab and hold D. 9) What is the Eastern Coral Snake's food? (paragraph 2) A. Stalk and pounce B. C. Grab and hold D. 9) What is the Eastern Coral Snake is food? (paragraph 2) A. Insects like spiders and ants. B. Birds and their eggs. C. Small lizards and other snakes. D. 10) How does the Eastern Coral Snake sprefer for their habitat? (paragraph 3) A. Urban areas B. By using its long, sharp teeth. C. D. Using its short, fixed front fangs. 		the article to answer the question. What do Eastern Coral Snakes do several tim	es a year? (paragraph 3)
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