Hey, have you ever spotted a bird with a zebra-like pattern on its wings and a brilliant bright red cap? That's our friend, the Gila woodpecker! These unique fellows are medium-sized woodpeckers with a round head, straight pointed bill, and a stiff, spiky tail which they use for support when they're pecking away. They have striking black and white bars on their wings and tail, and don't forget to look for that dash of red on the heads of the males!

Now that we've met our winged buddy, let's fly off to its home. These birds are residents of the hot and dry desert areas of the southwestern United States and Mexico. Their favorite hangout spots are the giant cactus plants, known as saguaros, where they



drill holes to nest. Fun fact, these holes later serve as homes for other desert animals too, talk about being good neighbors!

Speaking of being good neighbors, what do you think these birds like to snack on? Their diet mainly consists of insects, but they also enjoy a mix of fruits and berries. Sometimes, they can even be seen sipping nectar from cactus flowers, just like hummingbirds! And during the breeding season, both mom and dad share the responsibility of feeding the little ones.



In the world of birds, these woodpeckers have some cool features that set them apart. Unlike many other woodpeckers, Gilas have a very special relationship with humans as they often nest in telephone poles and are even known to visit bird feeders. Also, their tongue is long and sticky, perfect for snatching up those tasty bugs! So next time you spot a bird with a funky pattern and a red cap, you'll know that's our friend, the Gila woodpecker, one of the desert's most interesting residents.



### Solve each problem.

3010	e each problem.		
Use	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What color cap does the Gila woodpecker ha	ve?	
	A. Green	B.	Purple
	C. Blue	D.	Red
2)	How are Gila woodpeckers like good neighb	ors?	
_)	A. They share their food		They sing beautiful songs
	C. They leave their holes for other desert animals to use		They protect other animals
3)	What human-made structures do Gila woodp A. Mailboxes		
			Barns and sheds
	C. Chimneys and roofs	D.	Telephone poles
4)	What giant plants do Gila woodpeckers drill	hole	s in to nest?
	A. Palm trees	В.	Saguaros
	C. Oak trees	D.	Bamboo plants
5)	What distinguishes male Gila woodpeckers f	rom	females?
	A. Bright, bold feathers	B.	A dash of red on their heads
	C. Their larger size	D.	A long, colourful tail
6)	Where does the Gila woodpecker live?		
0)	A. Desert areas of the Mexico	B.	On the coastlines of Australia
	C. In the rainforests of South America	D.	In the cold tundras of Siberia
7)	What kind of tangua does the Cile woodnool	ron h	aval
1)	What kind of tongue does the Gila woodpeck A. Short and spiky		Short and rough
	C. Long and smooth		Long and sticky
	C. Long and smooth	D.	Long and sticky
8)	Who shares the responsibility of feeding the		
	A. Only dad		Both mom and dad
	C. Only mom	D.	The eldest baby woodpecker
9)	What do Gila woodpeckers mainly eat?		
	A. Grains	B.	Insects
	C. Seeds	D.	Meat
10)	What do Gila woodpeckers use their tongues	for	)
- /	A. To carry their young		To snatch up bugs
	C. To drill holes in cactus		To pick up twigs
Det	ermine if the statements is something the a	nima	al would say (W) or it it is not son

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Not only do I eat insects, sometimes I enjoy sipping sweet nectar from cactus flowers. It's my special dessert."

1-10										
11-20	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0

	Gila Woodpecker Name:						
12)	"You see the holes in the saguaro cacti? Yes, we made those. We're quite the carpenters, aren't we?"						
13)	3) "You see that flash of red on my head? If you do, then you're looking at a male, that's me!"						
14)	) "I only eat nectar from cactus flowers during the breeding season."						
15)	"I'm an insect lover, that's my favorite meal!"						
16)	"Only females feed the little ones, dad is responsible for making nests."						
17)	"I only eat fruits and berries, insects are not my cup of tea."						
<b>18</b> )	"I have been known to use telephone poles for nesting."						
<b>19</b> )	"My tongue isn't just long, it's sticky too! It's the perfect tool for catching wiggly insects."						
20)	"Sometimes some other animals use the holes I made as a home."						
21)	"I prefer damp and cool climates, the desert is too hot for me."						
22)	"My meal is quite varied, I enjoy nibbling on a mix of fruits and berries when I'm not catching insects."						
23)	"I don't really like cactus, they're too prickly for me."						
24)	"Unlike some birds, my tails isn't fluffy, it's stiff."						
25)	"I live in a cold and wet environment."						
26)	"My tongue is short and slippery."						
27)	"I have a beak that's sharp and straight, perfect for drilling into cactus plants!"						
-							

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 28) Other animals may use the holes drilled by Gila woodpeckers in cactuses as homes.
- **29)** It's interesting how both mom and dad Gila woodpeckers share the responsibility of feeding their young ones.
- **30)** Gila woodpeckers create holes in saguaro cactuses to make nests.
- **31**) The ability of Gila woodpeckers to drill holes in saguaro cacti is remarkable.
- **32)** Male Gila woodpeckers have a dash of red on their heads.
- **33**) The Gila woodpecker's long, sticky tongue is a very impressive adaptation.
- **34)** Both male and female Gila woodpeckers feed their young.
- **35)** Gila woodpeckers inhabit the desert regions of the southwestern United States and Mexico.
- **36)** The red cap on a gila woodpecker is definitely the most beautiful feature of any bird.
- **37)** The zebra-like pattern on Gila woodpeckers' wings is incredibly beautiful.

## Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **38)** Gila woodpeckers can be seen sipping nectar from cactus flowers.
- **39)** The female Gila woodpecker is responsible for feeding the little ones.
- **40)** Gila woodpeckers have a long and sticky tongue.
- **41**) Gila woodpeckers live in cold and icy regions.
- **42**) Gila woodpeckers drill holes in cactus plants to live in.

	Gila Woodpe	cker	Name:			
43)	Gila woodpeckers only eat insects.					
44)	Gila woodpeckers build their nests in burrows u	inderground.				
45)	Gila woodpeckers do not have tongues.					
<b>46</b> )	Gila woodpeckers often nest in telephone poles.					
47)	The male Gila woodpecker has a bright red cap on its head.					
Dete	rmine which choice is the expanded form of t	he underlined contraction.				
<b>48</b> )	They're not just good at building homes, they're	•				
	5	. They are				
	C. They were D	. They will				
<b>49</b> )	Don't be surprised if you see them eating insects	s, fruits, or even nectar!				
	A. Do not B	. Did not				
	C. Does not D	. Will not				
<b>50</b> )	Gila woodpeckers aren't just birds, they're engin	eers of the desert!				
	A. is not B	. will not				
	C. do not D	. are not				
51)	It's fascinating how they peck holes in the cactu	s without hurting themselves,	isn't it?			
	A. It is B	. It has				
	C. It will D	. It was				
52)	They've built their homes in cacti to stay cool du	aring the hot summer months.				
	A. They will B	. They are				
	C. They have D	. They were				
	rmine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclaerative(m).	matory(e), interrogative(i)	or			
53)	Gila woodpeckers make holes in cacti to build	heir nests.				
54)	Gila woodpeckers can peck up to 20 times per s					
55)	Despite its rough diet, a Gila woodpecker's tongue is long and sticky to extract insects from the wood, it's so cool!					
56)	Gila woodpeckers have a unique black and whi	te zebra-striped back, it's simp	ply fantastic!			
57)	The Gila woodpecker's loud, rolling call can be to!	heard in the desert, it's increa	dible to listen			
58)	Gila woodpeckers can drum on a tree up to 25 t	imas a second				

- **58)** Gila woodpeckers can drum on a tree up to 25 times a second.
- **59)** How tall can a gila woodpecker grow?
- 60) Isn't it amazing that Gila woodpeckers can live up to seven years in the wild!
- 61) Gila woodpeckers have a unique call that sounds like a loud "waka-waka-waka".
- 62) What color is the plumage of a gila woodpecker?
- 63) In spite of their small size, Gila woodpeckers are not easily intimidated and will defend their territory fiercely, that's impressive!
- 64) Where do gila woodpeckers build their nests?

	Gila Woodpecker	Name:		
65)	) They use their strong beaks to drill holes into cacti, it's pheno	omenal!		
66)	<b>56</b> ) The Gila woodpecker is known to share its cactus home with several other bird species, it's extraordinary!			
67)	Even in the harsh desert environment, Gila woodpeckers thri	ve, which is quite remarkable!		
<b>68</b> )	It's hard to believe that Gila woodpeckers line their nests wit	h grass and feathers!		

	Gila Wood	lpecker	Name:	
1.	26.	-		
2.	27.			
3.	28			
4.	29.			
5.				
6.	31.			
7.	32.	57.		
8.	33			
9	34	59		
10.	35	60.		
11	36	61.		
12.	37	62.		
13	38.	63.		
14.	39.	64		
15.	40.	65.		
16.	41	66.		
17	42.	67.		
18	43.	68.		
19.	44			
20.	45.			
21.	46.			
22.	47			
23.	48			
24.	49.			
25.	50			
Reading	www.CommonCoreSheets.c	Page 6 of 6		

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Name: **Answer Key** 

#### Solve each problem.

0011			
	<b>the article to answer the question.</b> What color cap does the Gila woodpecker hav	ve?	
,	A. Green		Purple
	C. Blue		Red
2)	How are Gila woodpeckers like good neighbo	ors?	
	A. They share their food	В.	They sing beautiful songs
	C. They leave their holes for other desert animals to use	D.	They protect other animals
3)	What human-made structures do Gila woodpo	ecke	ers nest in?
	A. Mailboxes	В.	Barns and sheds
	C. Chimneys and roofs	D.	Telephone poles
4)	What giant plants do Gila woodpeckers drill	hole	s in to nest?
	A. Palm trees	В.	Saguaros
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5)	What distinguishes male Gila woodpeckers fi	rom	females?
	A. Bright, bold feathers	В.	A dash of red on their heads
	C. Their larger size	D.	A long, colourful tail
6)	Where does the Gila woodpecker live?		
	A. Desert areas of the Mexico	В.	On the coastlines of Australia
	C. In the rainforests of South America	D.	In the cold tundras of Siberia
7)	What kind of tongue does the Gila woodpeck	er h	ave?
	A. Short and spiky	В.	Short and rough
	C. Long and smooth	D.	Long and sticky
8)	Who shares the responsibility of feeding the l	ittle	ones during the breeding season?
	A. Only dad	В.	Both mom and dad
	C. Only mom	D.	The eldest baby woodpecker
9)	What do Gila woodpeckers mainly eat?		
	A. Grains	В.	Insects
	C. Seeds	D.	Meat
10)	What do Gila woodpeckers use their tongues	for?	
	A. To carry their young	В.	To snatch up bugs
	C. To drill holes in cactus	D.	To pick up twigs
Dete	ermine if the statements is something the an	ima	al would say (W) or it it is not something

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11) "Not only do I eat insects, sometimes I enjoy sipping sweet nectar from cactus flowers. It's my special dessert."

	Gila Woodpecker	Name:	Answer	Kev		
<u>12</u> )	"You see the holes in the saguaro cacti? Yes, we made those. We're quite th aren't we?"					
13)	"You see that flash of red on my head? If you do, then you're looking at a n	nale, that's i	me!"			
14)	"I only eat nectar from cactus flowers during the breeding season."					
15)	"I'm an insect lover, that's my favorite meal!"					
16)	) "Only females feed the little ones, dad is responsible for making nests."					
17)	) "I only eat fruits and berries, insects are not my cup of tea."					
18)	"I have been known to use telephone poles for nesting."					
<b>19</b> )	"My tongue isn't just long, it's sticky too! It's the perfect tool for catching wiggly insects."					
20)	"Sometimes some other animals use the holes I made as a home."					
21)	) "I prefer damp and cool climates, the desert is too hot for me."					
22)	) "My meal is quite varied, I enjoy nibbling on a mix of fruits and berries when I'm not catching insects."					
23)	"I don't really like cactus, they're too prickly for me."					
24)	"Unlike some birds, my tails isn't fluffy, it's stiff."					
25)	"I live in a cold and wet environment."					
26)	"My tongue is short and slippery."					
27)	"I have a beak that's sharp and straight, perfect for drilling into cactus plants!"					
Dete	rmine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in t	he article.				
28)	Other animals may use the holes drilled by Gila woodpeckers in cactuses as	s homes.				
29)	It's interesting how both mom and dad Gila woodpeckers share the responsibility of feeding their young ones.					
30)	Gila woodpeckers create holes in saguaro cactuses to make nests.					
31)	The ability of Gila woodpeckers to drill holes in saguaro cacti is remarkable	2.				

- **32)** Male Gila woodpeckers have a dash of red on their heads.
- 33) The Gila woodpecker's long, sticky tongue is a very impressive adaptation.
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	Gila Wood	lpecker	Name:	Answer Key		
43)	Gila woodpeckers only eat insects.					
44)	Gila woodpeckers build their nests in burrow	ws underground.				
45)	Gila woodpeckers do not have tongues.					
<b>46</b> )	Gila woodpeckers often nest in telephone pe	oles.				
47)	The male Gila woodpecker has a bright red	cap on its head.				
Dete	Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.					
<b>48</b> )						
	A. They have	B. They are				
	C. They were	D. They will				
<b>49</b> )	Don't be surprised if you see them eating ins	ects, fruits, or even nectar!				
	A. Do not	B. Did not				
	C. Does not	D. Will not				
<b>50</b> )	Gila woodpeckers aren't just birds, they're en	igineers of the desert!				
	A. is not	B. will not				
	C. do not	D. are not				
51)	It's fascinating how they peck holes in the ca	ctus without hurting thems	elves, isn't it?			
	A. It is	B. It has				
	C. It will	D. It was				
52)	They've built their homes in cacti to stay coo	ol during the hot summer m	onths.			
	A. They will	B. They are				
	C. They have	D. They were				
Det	etermine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or					
	mperative(m).					
53)	Gila woodpeckers make holes in cacti to bu	ild their nests.				
54)	Gila woodpeckers can peck up to 20 times p	per second, it's astonishing!				
55)	Despite its rough diet, a Gila woodpecker's tongue is long and sticky to extract insects from the wood, it's so cool!					
56)	Gila woodpeckers have a unique black and	white zebra-striped back, it	's simply fantas	tic!		
57)	The Gila woodpecker's loud, rolling call can to!	h be heard in the desert, it's	incredible to lis	sten		
58)	Gila woodpeckers can drum on a tree up to	25 times a second.				

- **59**) How tall can a gila woodpecker grow?
- 60) Isn't it amazing that Gila woodpeckers can live up to seven years in the wild!
- 61) Gila woodpeckers have a unique call that sounds like a loud "waka-waka-waka".
- 62) What color is the plumage of a gila woodpecker?
- **63**) In spite of their small size, Gila woodpeckers are not easily intimidated and will defend their territory fiercely, that's impressive!
- 64) Where do gila woodpeckers build their nests?

Gila Woodpecker	Name:	Answer Key		
They use their strong beaks to drill holes into cacti, it's phenomenal!				
6) The Gila woodpecker is known to share its cactus home with several other bird species, it's extraordinary!				
) Even in the harsh desert environment, Gila woodpeckers thrive, which is quite remarkable!				
It's hard to believe that Gila woodpeckers line their nests with grass and fe	eathers!			
	They use their strong beaks to drill holes into cacti, it's phenomenal! The Gila woodpecker is known to share its cactus home with several other extraordinary! Even in the harsh desert environment, Gila woodpeckers thrive, which is o	They use their strong beaks to drill holes into cacti, it's phenomenal! The Gila woodpecker is known to share its cactus home with several other bird species extraordinary!		

			Gila Woodpec	ker		Name:	Answer Key
1.	D	26.	false	51.	Α	_	
2.	С	27.	true	52.	С		
3.	D	28.	fact	53.	declarative		
4.	В	29.	opinion	54.	exclamatory	_	
5.	В		fact	55.	exclamatory		
6.	Α	31.	opinion	56.	exclamatory		
7.	D	32.	fact	57.	exclamatory		
8.	В	33.	opinion	58.	declarative		
9.	В	34.	fact	59.	interrogative		
10.	В	35.	fact	60.	exclamatory		
11.	true	36.	opinion	61.	declarative		
12.	true	37	opinion	62.	interrogative		
13.	true	38	true	63.	exclamatory	_	
14.	false	39.	false	64.	interrogative	_	
15.	true	40.	true	65.	exclamatory	_	
16.	false	41.	false	66.	exclamatory	_	
17.	false	42.	true	67.	exclamatory		
18.	true	43.	false	68.	exclamatory	_	
19.	true	44	false				
20.	true	45.	false				
21.	false	46.	true				
22.	true	47	true				
23.	false	48.	B				
24.	true	49.	Α				
25.	false	50.	D				
	Reading	www.Commo	nCoreSheets.com	Page :	5 of 5		



Gila Woodpecker

### Solve each problem.

	e each problem.		
	the article to answer the question.		
1)	What color cap does the Gila woodpecker ha		(paragraph 1)
	A. Green	B.	
	С.	D.	Red
2)	How are Gila woodpeckers like good neighb	ors?	(paragraph 2)
	A. They share their food	В.	They sing beautiful songs
	C. They leave their holes for other desert animals to use	D.	
3)	What human-made structures do Gila woodp	ecke	ers nest in? (paragraph 4)
,	A.		Barns and sheds
	С.	D.	Telephone poles
4)	What giant plants do Gila woodpeckers drill	hole	es in to nest? (paragraph 2)
,	A. Palm trees		Saguaros
	С.	D.	
5)	What distinguishes male Gila woodpeckers f	rom	females? (paragraph 1)
	A. Bright, bold feathers		A dash of red on their heads
	С.	D.	
6)	Where does the Gila woodpecker live? (paragra	(aph 2)	
- /	A. Desert areas of the Mexico		On the coastlines of Australia
	С.	D.	
7)	What kind of tongue does the Gila woodpecl	ker h	ave? (paragraph 4)
,	A.		Short and rough
	С.	D.	Long and sticky
8)	Who shares the responsibility of feeding the $_{3)}$	little	e ones during the breeding season? (paragraph
	A. Only dad	B.	Both mom and dad
	С.	D.	
9)	What do Gila woodpeckers mainly eat? (parage	raph 3)	
	А.	B.	Insects
	С.	D.	
10)	What do Gila woodpeckers use their tongues	for	(paragraph 4)
	A. To carry their young		To snatch up bugs

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Not only do I eat insects, sometimes I enjoy sipping sweet nectar from cactus flowers. It's my special dessert." (paragraph 3)



Gila Woodpecker

12) "You see the holes in the saguaro cacti? Yes, we made those. We're quite the carpenters, aren't we?" (paragraph 2)

