Whooshing through the sky with grace, here come the swans, one of nature's most elegant birds! These large, beautiful birds are known for their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers. But did you know that not all swans are white? Some are black or even black and white! With their wide, strong wings, they look like they are dancing when they fly.

Speaking of dancing, swans have some pretty interesting ways of living too. They can be found all over the world, from the cold climates of Canada and Russia to the warm areas of Australia and Africa. Swans like to live near water, like lakes and ponds, where they can swim, fish and even sleep! In fact, they are excellent swimmers and divers, using their strong legs and webbed feet to move through the water.



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Now, let's paddle further into the swan's life cycle and their relationship with humans and other animals. Swans usually mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets (baby swans). Humans and swans have a long history together, with swans often appearing in our stories and art, but we need to remember to respect them and their habitats. And remember, while swans are generally peaceful animals, they can be very protective of their young and will use their strong wings to defend themselves if they feel threatened.

 each problem. he article to answer the question. are swans found all over the world? A. No, swans are only found in warm areas. C. Yes, swans are found all over the world. bo swans usually mate for life? Who takes A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets C. Yes, they mate for life and both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets bo all swans have white feathers? A. No 	D. care o B. D.	No, swans are only found in America No, swans are only found in cold areas. of the eggs and cygnets? No, they don't mate for life and only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets They don't mate for life but both parents take care of the eggs and cygnets
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	B.	
A. No	B.	
		Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow
C. Only baby swans have white feathers	D.	Yes
Which best describes swans eating habits?		
A. Swans do not eat.	B.	Swans are carnivores.
C. Swans are herbivores.	D.	Swans are omnivores
are swans generally peaceful animals?		
A. Yes	B.	Only the females are peaceful
C. No		Only the males are peaceful
Where do swans prefer to eat?		
A. Swans prefer to eat on land in their nests.	B.	Swans prefer to eat in trees.
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-	B.	Baby swans are called cygnets.
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Reading

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		Swan	Name:	
9)	What are swans known for?			
	A. Their long, curved necks and soft, white feathers	B.	Their small, round bodies and long, spiky feathers	
	C. Their short, straight necks and colorful feathers	D.	Their long, curved beaks and webbed feet	

Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

- **10**) "Did you know we make good parents? Both males and females take care of the eggs and cygnets."
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Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 27) It's fascinating that swans can sleep while floating on water.
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- 30) Swans come in more colors than just white: some swans are black or even black and white.
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- 32) Swans are omnivorous, which means they eat both plants and small animals.
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Determine if the statement is true or false.



Swan

- **35**) Both male and female swans will take care of the eggs.
- **36)** All swans are white.
- **37**) Swans are omnivorous.
- **38)** Swans cannot fly because of their weight.
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- 40) Swans spend most of their time on land or in the air as they are unable to swim.
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- 42) Unlike other animals, only the male swans take care of the baby swans.
- **43**) Swans can be black.
- 44) Swans can live in both cold and warm climates.

Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

- **45**) Swans build nests to lay their eggs in.
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		Swan	Name:
1.	26.		
2.	27.		
3.	28.		
4.	29.		
5.	30.		
6.	31.		
7.	32.		
8.	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11.	36.		
12.	37.		
13.	38.		
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
17.	42.		
18.	43.		
19.	44.		
20.	45.		
21.	46.		
22.	47.		
23.	48.		
24.	49.		
25.	50. Reading	nonCoreSheets.com	Page 5 of 5

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	the article to answer the question. Are swans found all over the world?		
,	A. No, swans are only found in warm areas.	В.	No, swans are only found in America
	C. Yes, swans are found all over the world.	D.	No, swans are only found in cold areas.
2)	Do swans usually mate for life? Who takes of	care o	of the eggs and cygnets?
	A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	B.	No, they don't mate for life and only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets
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	A. No	B.	Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow
	C. Only baby swans have white feathers	D.	Yes
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	C. Baby swans are called chicks.	D.	Baby swans are called ducklings.

Swan

		Swan	Name:	Answer Key
9)	What are swans known for?			
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colorful feathers

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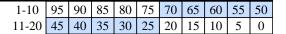
Determine if the statement is true or false.

	Swan	Name:	Answer Key
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			Swan		Name:	Answer Key
1.	C	26.	true			
2.	C	20	opinion			
3.	A	27	opinion			
<i>4</i> .	 D	23	opinion			
. 5.	A		fact			
	 D		opinion			
6. 7.	A		fact			
8.	B	33.	opinion			
8. 9.	A	34	fact			
9. 10.	true	35.	true			
11.	true	3536.	false			
11.	true	37	true			
12.	false	37	false			
13.	true	39.	true			
14.	false	40.	false			
16.	false	41.	false			
17.	true	42.	false			
18.	true	43.	true			
19.	true	44.	true			
20.	false	45.	declarative			
21.	true	46.	interrogative			
22.	false	47.	declarative			
23.	true	48.	declarative			
23.	false	49.	interrogative			
25.	false	50.	interrogative			
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	Sw	an Name:							
Sol	ve each problem.								
Use	Use the article to answer the question.								
1)	Are swans found all over the world? (paragraphic paragraphic parag								
	A. No, swans are only found in warm areas.	В.							
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	A. Yes, they mate for life but only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets	 B. No, they don't mate for life and only one parent takes care of the eggs and cygnets 							
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3)	Do all swans have white feathers? (paragraph 1								
	A. No	B. Swans have feathers of different colors when they are born and they turn white as they grow							
	С.	D.							
4)	Which best describes swans eating habits?	naragraph 3)							
•)	A.	B. Swans are carnivores.							
	С.	D. Swans are omnivores							
5)	Are swans generally peaceful animals? (para	rraph 4)							
-)	A. Yes	B. Only the females are peaceful							
	С.	D.							
6)	Where do swans prefer to eat? (paragraph 3)								
0)	A.	B. Swans prefer to eat in trees.							
	С.	D. Swans prefer to eat in the water.							
7)	When will swans defend themselves? (paragr	nh 4)							
,	A. When they feel threatened	B. When they are playing around							
	C.	D.							
8)	What are baby swans called? (paragraph 4)								
0)	A. Baby swans are called calf.	B. Baby swans are called cygnets.							
	С.	D.							
9)	What are swans known for? (paragraph 1)								
-)	A. Their long, curved necks and soft,	B. Their small, round bodies and long,							
	white feathers	spiky feathers							
	С.	D.							



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