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Now, you might be wondering how tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild, right? Well, they have quite a few tricks up their sleeve! Some tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism against predators. So, while they might look cute and harmless, tree frogs are hardy little survivors in the wild, each one leaping and thriving in its own unique way.



### Solve each problem.

### Use the article to answer the question.

1) Where can tree frogs be found?

A. Only on islandsB. All over the worldC. Only in the desertD. Only in Africa

2) What do tree frogs eat?

A. Birds, lemurs, and miceB. Leaves, fruits, and nutsC. Grass, seeds, and dirtD. Insects, spiders, and small invertebrates

3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild?

A. They play deadB. They secrete a toxic substanceC. They pretend to be a leafD. They make a high pitched croak

4) Can all tree frogs change colors?

A. All of them canB. Only the males canC. Some of them canD. None of them can

5) What helps tree frogs to climb trees and other surfaces?

A. Their toes have tiny sharp hairs

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8) Why are tree frogs considered helpful to humans?

A. They sing melodious songs B. They help spread seeds

C. They make good pets

D. They help control the insect

population

9) Are tree frogs strong swimmers?

A. No, they can't swim at all B. Some can swim, some can't

C. They prefer not to swim

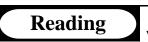
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**10**) What type of places do tree frogs love?

A. Open, windy placesB. Damp, humid placesC. Dry, hot placesD. Cold, icy places

# Determine if the statements is something the animal would say (W) or it it is not something the animal would say (N).

11) "Our skin contains unique chemicals that are not only colorful but also helps us to stay safe from predators by tasting or smelling bad."





- 12) "You wouldn't believe how sticky my toes are, they help me cling onto slippery surfaces!"
- 13) "My colorful skin helps me blend in with my surroundings, it's like having a built-in camouflage!"
- 14) "I'm a strict vegetarian. Bugs? No, thank you!"
- 15) "You'll always find me in damp, humid places with lots of insects, they are my favorite food source!"
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- 17) "I'm a carnivore, which means my diet consists mostly of insects, spiders, and sometimes even other small creatures!"
- **18)** "Metamorphosis, what's that? We are born as fully grown frogs."
- 19) "We prefer to live in dry, desert places because we can find the best food there."
- 20) "I don't have any defense mechanism. If a threat comes, I just hope for the best."

### Determine if the statement is a fact or opinion based on the information in the article.

- 21) Some tree frogs produce a toxic substance from their skin as a defense mechanism.
- 22) The way tree frogs secrete a toxic substance from their skin as a defense is very scary.
- 23) Tree frogs eat insects, spiders, and sometimes small invertebrates.
- 24) Tree frogs are the cutest creatures with their tiny bodies and big eyes.
- 25) Tree frogs are found in various parts across the world, like Asia and Australia.
- **26)** Tree frogs are amazing because they have the ability to climb up trees unlike many other frogs.
- 27) Tree frogs have toes that have sticky pads which help them to climb trees and other surfaces.
- **28**) Tree frogs prefer living in moist and humid places.
- 29) It's interesting that some tree frogs can live in such different habitats, from the jungles to the forests.
- **30**) Watching a tree frog catch and eat an insect is really cool.

### Determine if the statement is true or false.

- **31)** Tree frogs are carnivorous.
- **32)** Tree frogs like to spend their time in dry habitats.
- **33**) Tree frogs are found in forests as well as jungles.
- **34**) Tree frogs eat only plants and seeds.
- **35**) Tree frogs in some cases can change their colors.
- **36)** Tree frogs are not capable of changing colors.
- 37) Tree frogs can only be found in North America.
- **38)** Tree frogs spend most of their life at the bottom of lakes and rivers.
- **39**) Tree frogs survive by secreting a toxic substance from their skin.
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### Determine which choice is the expanded form of the underlined contraction.



Name:

41) Tree frogs won't just eat insects, they'll also eat spiders too.

A. do not

B. will not

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**42)** Many tree frogs <u>can't</u> survive in cold temperatures.

A. cannot

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A. cannot

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# Determine if the sentence is a declarative(d), exclamatory(e), interrogative(i) or imperative(m).

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Name:

1.	 26.	51.	
2.	27.		
3.	 28.		
4.	 29.		
5.	 30.		
6.	 31.		
7.	 32.		
8.	33.		
9.	34.		
10.	35.		
11.	36.		
12.	37.		
13.			
14.	39.		
15.	40.		
16.	41.		
18.			
19.			
20.			
22.			
23.			
24.			
25.	 50.		

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g Name: **Answer Key** 

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Name:

**Answer Key** 

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2.	D	27.	fact		
3.	B	28.	fact		
4.	C	29.	opinion		
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7.	D	32.	false		
8.	D	33.	true		
9.	D	34.	false		
10.	B	35.	true		
11.	true	36.	false		
12.	true	37.	false		
13.	true	38.	false		
14.	false	39.	true		
15.	true	40.	true		
16.	false	41.	В		
17.	true	42.	A		
18.	false	43.	D		
19.	false	44.	A		
20.	false	45.	C		
21.	fact	46.	declarative		
22.	opinion	47.	interrogative		
23.	fact	48.	declarative		
24.	opinion	49.	declarative		
25.	fact	50.	interrogative		



B. They secrete a toxic substance

### Solve each problem.

Use the article	e to	answer	the	question.
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1) Where can tree frogs be found? (paragraph 2)

A. Only on islands B. All over the world

C. D.

2) What do tree frogs eat? (paragraph 2)

A. They play dead

A. B. Leaves, fruits, and nuts
C. D. Insects, spiders, and small invertebrates

3) How do some tree frogs keep themselves safe in the wild? (paragraph 4)

C. D.

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A. All of them can

B.
C. Some of them can

D.

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6) What is the process called when a tree frog transforms from an egg to a fully grown frog?

(paragraph 3)

A. Metabolism B.

C. D. Metamorphosis

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A. B. Frugivorous C. D. Carnivorous

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A. B. They help spread seeds

C. D. They help control the insect population

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A. No, they can't swim at all B.

C. D. Yes, tree frogs are great swimmers

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C. D.

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Name:

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